# EF4484: ECONOMIC STRATEGY AND GAME THEORY

#### **Effective Term**

Semester A 2023/24

# Part I Course Overview

#### **Course Title**

Economic Strategy and Game Theory

# **Subject Code**

EF - Economics and Finance

#### **Course Number**

4484

#### **Academic Unit**

Economics and Finance (EF)

#### College/School

College of Business (CB)

# **Course Duration**

One Semester

#### **Credit Units**

3

# Level

B1, B2, B3, B4 - Bachelor's Degree

# **Medium of Instruction**

English

#### **Medium of Assessment**

English

# Prerequisites

Nil

## **Precursors**

Either one of the following EF3440Microeconomics for Business Strategy EF3442Intermediate Microeconomics

## **Equivalent Courses**

Nil

# **Exclusive Courses**

Nil

# **Part II Course Details**

#### **Abstract**

This course is an introduction to game theory and strategic thinking. Ideas such as dominance, backward induction, Nash equilibrium, commitment, credibility, adverse selection, moral hazard and signalling are discussed and applied to games played in class and to real life examples drawn from economics, politics, sports and elsewhere.

The course also encourages discovery learning, which takes place when students use their knowledge and skills in game theory to discover solutions to problems in business and life.

# **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**

	CILOs	Weighting (if app.)	DEC-A1	DEC-A2	DEC-A3
1	Identify the core concepts, models and methodologies of game theory		X	x	
2	Apply game theoretic tools to analyse market structure, competition, firm decisions and industry dynamics		x	x	
3	Apply game theoretic tools and strategic decision making to real life business situations				X

#### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

## A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

# A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

# **Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)**

TLAs	Brief Description CILO No.	Hours/week (if applicable)
Seminars	The seminars introduce fundamental concepts in game theory to students and encourage them to think critically and logically, with the goal to guide students to develop their ability to solve new problems of economic strategy by themselves.	3 hours/week

2	Discussion of Case	Business case studies	2, 3	incorporated in lectures
	Studies	will be discussed in the		
		lectures. Students will		
		be encouraged to apply		
		the various economic		
		principles and basic		
		theories of game theory to		
		analyse specific industry		
		problems and business		
		practices.		

# Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

	ATs	CILO No.	Weighting (%)	Remarks
1	Midterm examination	1, 2, 3	30	
2	Group assignment	1, 2, 3	10	
3	Class discussion and participation	1, 2, 3	10	

# Continuous Assessment (%)

50

# Examination (%)

50

# **Examination Duration (Hours)**

3

#### **Additional Information for ATs**

Students are required to pass both coursework and examination components in order to pass the course.

## Assessment Rubrics (AR)

# **Assessment Task**

Final Examination & Midterm Examination

#### Criterion

Nil

#### Excellent (A+, A, A-)

Strong evidence of superior grasp of subject matter and knowledge base.

# Good (B+, B, B-)

Sufficient evidence of superior grasp of subject matter and knowledge base.

#### Fair (C+, C, C-)

Some evidence of superior grasp of subject matter and knowledge base.

# Marginal (D)

Marginal evidence of superior grasp of subject matter and knowledge base.

## Failure (F)

Little or no evidence of superior grasp of subject matter and knowledge base.

4 EF4484: Economic Strategy and Game Theory

#### **Assessment Task**

Class discussion and participation

#### Criterion

Nil

### Excellent (A+, A, A-)

Strong evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

## Good (B+, B, B-)

Sufficient evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

## Fair (C+, C, C-)

Some evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

# Marginal (D)

Marginal evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

#### Failure (F)

Little or no evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

#### **Assessment Task**

Group assignments

#### Criterion

Nil

#### Excellent (A+, A, A-)

Strong evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

# Good (B+, B, B-)

Sufficient evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

#### Fair (C+, C, C-)

Some evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

## Marginal (D)

Marginal evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

# Failure (F)

Little or no evidence of original thinking; capacity to analyse and synthesize

# Part III Other Information

# **Keyword Syllabus**

Part I. Methodology

- 1. Static Games of Complete Information
- 2. Dynamic Games of Complete Information
- 3. Static Games of Incomplete Information
- 4. Dynamic Games of Incomplete Information

Part II. Applications

1. Bargaining

- 2. Industrial Organization3. Cooperation and Competition
- 4. Law and Economics

# **Reading List**

# **Compulsory Readings**

	Title
1	Watson, J. 2013, Strategy: An Introduction to Game Theory, W.W. Norton.
2	Dixit A.K., S. Skeath, and D.H. Reiley Jr. 2020, Games of Strategy, W.W. Norton.

# **Additional Readings**

	Title
1	Dixit, A.K and B.J. Nalebuff, 2008, The Art of Strategy: A Game Theorist's Guide to Success in Business and Life. W.W.Norton
2	Tadelis, S. 2013, Game Theory: An Introduction, Princeton.
3	Gibbons, R. 1992. Game Theory for Applied Economists. Princeton.
4	Fudenberg, D. and J. Tirole. 1991. Game Theory. The MIT Press.
5	Osborne, M.J. and A. Rubinstein. 1994. A Course in Game Theory. The MIT Press.