PHY2100: MATHEMATICAL METHODS IN PHYSICS

Effective Term

Semester A 2022/23

Part I Course Overview

Course Title

Mathematical Methods in Physics

Subject Code

PHY - Physics

Course Number

2100

Academic Unit

Physics (PHY)

College/School

College of Science (SI)

Course Duration

One Semester

Credit Units

3

Level

B1, B2, B3, B4 - Bachelor's Degree

Medium of Instruction

English

Medium of Assessment

English

Prerequisites

- 1. MA1200 Calculus and Basic Linear Algebra I or MA1300 Enhanced Calculus and Basic Linear Algebra I
- 2. MA1201 Calculus and Basic Linear Algebra II or MA1301 Enhanced Calculus and Basic Linear Algebra II

Part II Course Details

Abstract

This course covers fundamental mathematical methods used in undergraduate physics courses that are not covered or insufficiently covered in other mathematics courses. The course aims to equip students with essential mathematical skills for important fundamental physics courses such as Electricity and Magnetism, as well as subsequent more advanced courses including Electrodynamics and Quantum Mechanics.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

	CILOs	Weighting (if app.)	DEC-A1	DEC-A2	DEC-A3
1	Understand basic mathematical techniques in physics and master their operations.	40		x	X
2	Analyse common problems in physics and apply suitable mathematical methods to solve the problems.	40		x	x
3	Appreciate the mathematical structures in different areas of physics.	20	X		

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

	TLAs	Brief Description	CILO No.	Hours/week (if applicable)
1	Lectures	Explain the concepts of the mathematical methods and demonstrate their applications in physics.	1, 2, 3	3 hours/ week
2	Tutorials	Provide supplemental examples and explanations to help students better understand the lectures.	1, 2, 3	1 hour/week
3	Assignments	Individual works to be done by the students to train students with handson mathematical skills.	1, 2, 3	After-class

Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

	ATs	CILO No.		Remarks (e.g. Parameter for GenAI use)
1	Assignments (4-6 sets)	1, 2, 3	30	
2	Mid-term exam	1, 2, 3	20	

Continuous Assessment (%)

Examination (%)

50

Examination Duration (Hours)

2

Additional Information for ATs

For a student to pass the course, at least 30% of the maximum mark for the examination must be obtained.

Assessment Rubrics (AR)

Assessment Task

1. Assignments

Criterion

The student's capacity in understanding the concepts and his/her ability to apply the mathematical techniques to solve physical problems.

Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High

Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant

Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate

Marginal (D)

Basic

Failure (F)

Not reaching marginal level

Assessment Task

2. Mid-term exam

Criterion

The student's ability to analyse the physical problems, identify and apply suitable mathematical methods to solve the problems.

Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High

Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant

Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate

Marginal (D)

Basic

Failure (F)

Not reaching marginal level

Assessment Task

3. Examination

Criterion

The student's ability to analyse the physical problems, identify and apply suitable mathematical methods to solve the problems.

Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High

Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant

Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate

Marginal (D)

Basic

Failure (F)

Not reaching marginal level

Part III Other Information

Keyword Syllabus

- · Complex analysis (analytic functions, contour integral, Cauchy's integral formula, residue theorem, analytic continuation, causality and the Kramers-Kronig relation)
- · Vector calculus (gradient, divergence and curl of vector fields; differential form of Maxwell equations)
- · Eigenfunction expansion; Oscillations and normal modes
- Partial differential equations and applications in physics (hyperbolic equations/wave propagation, parabolic equations/ heat conduction and elliptic equations/elasticity) and types of boundary and initial conditions; Laplace equation and Poission equation.
- · Solutions to linear partial differential equations (general solution, method of separation of variables, power series solution)
- · Special Functions (Delta function, Gamma function, Bessel functions, Legendre functions, Spherical harmonic functions)

Reading List

Compulsory Readings

	Title
1	James Nearing, Mathematical Tools for Physics Available online at http://www.physics.miami.edu/~nearing/mathmethods/
2	Sean Mauch, Advanced Mathematical Methods for Scientists and Engineers Available online at https://physics.bgu.ac.il/~gedalin/Teaching/Mater/

Additional Readings

	Title
1	K. F. Riley, M. P. Hobson, and S. J. Bence, Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering, 3rd ed. (Cambridge University Press, 2006)

2	M. L. Boas, Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences, 3rd ed. (Wiley, 2006)
3	Tai L. Chow, Mathematical Methods for Physicists: A concise introduction (Cambridge University Press, 2000)
4	Samuel D Lindenbaum, Mathematical Methods in Physics (World Scientific, 1996)
5	R. Snieder, A guided tour of mathematical physics Available online at https://physics.bgu.ac.il/~gedalin/Teaching/Mater/
6	David Morin, Waves (Draft) Available online at https://scholar.harvard.edu/david-morin/waves