City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by College/School/Department of <u>Mathematics</u> with effect from Semester <u>A</u> 20 20 / 21

Part I Course Over	view									
Course Title:	Enhanced Calculus and Linear Algebra II									
Course Code:	MA1301									
Course Duration:	1 semester									
Credit Units:	3 CUs									
Level:	B1									
Proposed Area:	☐ Arts and Humanities ☐ Study of Societies, Social and Business Organisations ☐ Science and Technology									
(for GE courses only) Medium of Instruction:	☐ Science and Technology English									
Medium of Assessment:	English									
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	(i) MA1300 Enhanced Calculus and Linear Algebra I; or (ii) Grade B or above in MA1200 Calculus and Basic Linear Algebra I (approval from MA must be obtained)									
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil									
Equivalent Courses : (Course Code and Title)	MA1201 Calculus and Basic Linear Algebra II									
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	MA1006 Calculus and Linear Algebra for Business MA1508 Calculus									

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Part II **Course Details**

1. **Abstract**

(A 150-word description about the course)

This is the second of two required courses designed for students pursuing studies in mathematics, or engineering/science students requiring solid background in mathematics. It aims to

- develop fluency in concepts and techniques from integral calculus, linear algebra and complex numbers,
- introduce elementary theory of differential and integral calculus, and
- foster skills in implementing methods of calculus and linear algebra to mathematical and physical applications.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) 2.

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs [#]	Weighting* (if applicable)	curricu learnin	very-enulum relag outco	lated omes
			approp		
			Al	A2	A3
1.	explain elementary theory of differential and integral calculus.	15%	√		
2.	perform techniques of integration to evaluate integrals of functions.	30%		✓	
3.	explain at high level concepts from vector and matrix algebra.	10%	✓		
4.	manipulate expressions and solve geometric problems with vector arithmetic.	10%		√	
5.	implement techniques of matrix arithmetic and of solving linear systems.	15%		√	
6.	perform operations and solve equations involving complex numbers.	10%		√	
7.	develop mathematical models through calculus and linear algebra, and appropriately apply to problems in science and engineering.	10%	√	√	√
* If we	eighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.	100%			

^{*} If weighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.

A1:

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

[#] Please specify the alignment of CILOs to the Gateway Education Programme Intended Learning outcomes (PILOs) in Section A of Annex.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

3.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs) (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CIL	O No			Hours/week (if			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	applicable)
Lectures	Learning through	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	39 hours in total
	teaching is primarily								(A);
	based on lectures.								46 hours in total (B)
Tutorials		✓							3 hours in total (A);
									4 hours in total (B)
			✓						2 hours in total (A);
	I a a maiss a standarda								3 hours in total (B)
	Learning through			✓	✓				2 hours in total (A);
	tutorials is primarily based on interactive								3 hours in total (B)
				√		√			2 hours in total (A);
	problem solving allowing instant feedback.								3 hours in total (B)
	instant feedback.						√		2 hours in total (A);
									3 hours in total (B)
								√	2 hours in total (A);
									3 hours in total (B)
Take-home	Learning through	√	√	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	
assignment s	take-home assignments								
2	helps students implement								
	theory of calculus,								
	methods of integral								0 1
	calculus, linear algebra								after class
	and complex numbers, as								
	well as apply knowledge								
	of which to mathematical								
	and physical problems.								
Online	Learning through online							√	
applications	examples for								
	applications helps								
	students apply methods of								
	calculus, linear algebra								after class
	and complex numbers to								
	problems in science and								
	engineering.								
Math Help	Learning activities in	✓	✓	√	√	√	✓	✓	after-class,

Centre	Math Help Centre				depending on need
	provides students extra				
	assistance in study.				

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

30% Coursework

70% Examination (Duration: 3 hours, at the end of the semester)

For a student to pass the course, at least 30% of the maximum mark for the examination must be obtained.

Assessment	CII	LO N	Vo.					Weighting*	Remarks
Tasks/Activities	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
Continuous Assessment: _30		<u>′o</u>				1	1	T	T
Quizzes/Test(s)								15 – 30%	Questions are designed to see how well students have learned theory of calculus, techniques of integral calculus, as well as concepts and methods of linear algebra and complex numbers. These assessment tasks monitor students' progress and reveal gaps in knowledge.
Hand-in assignment(s)		√	√	√	√	√	✓	0 – 15%	These are skills based assessment to see whether students are familiar with elementary theory of calculus as well as essential methods and applications of

Examination: (duration: 3 hrs) Examination: (duration: 3 hrs) Examination: (duration: 3 hrs) Figure 1 Examination: (duration: 3 hrs) Examination: (duration: 3 hrs) Examination: (questions are designed to see how far students have achieved their intended learning outcomes. Questions will primarily be skills based to assess the extent to which students have mastered methods of the course and synthesized mathematical knowledge in practical applications. * The weightings should add up to 100%.		_			_	_	_			
Examination: (duration: 3 hrs)										integral calculus,
Examination: (duration: 3 hrs)										linear algebra and
(duration: 3 hrs) (duration: 4 designed to see how far students have achieved their intended learning outcomes. (Questions will primarily be skills based to assess the extent to which students have mastered methods of the course and synthesized mathematical knowledge in practical applications.										complex numbers.
		1	1	1	✓	1	✓	•	70%	Examination questions are designed to see how far students have achieved their intended learning outcomes. Questions will primarily be skills based to assess the extent to which students have mastered methods of the course and synthesized mathematical knowledge in practical
	* The weightings should add up to 100%.						100%	аррисанону.		

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
	(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching
					marginal levels
0.0					marginar levels
·					
	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching
					marginal levels
					marginar ieveis
	TT' 1	~: · · ·	3.5.1	D .	27
	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching
					marginal levels
*					
nethods					
The ries of the state of the st	ABILITY to APPLY and EXPLAIN the methodology of a tegral calculus and an ear algebra. CAPACITY for ELF-DIRECTED and a principles of a tegral calculus and an ear algebra. ABILITY to DEVELOP and the matical models arough calculus and an ear algebra and oLVE problems with different	AHILITY to APPLY and EXPLAIN the methodology of integral calculus and mear algebra APACITY for ELF-DIRECTED and methodology of integral calculus and mear algebra ABILITY to integral calculus and mear algebra and integral calculus and integral c	MBILITY to APPLY and EXPLAIN the methodology of integral calculus and mear algebra APACITY for ELF-DIRECTED EARNING to inderstand me principles of integral calculus and mear algebra ABILITY to DEVELOP mathematical models inrough calculus and mear algebra and OLVE problems with different	(A+, A, A-) (B+, B, B-) (C+, C, C-) (BILITY to APPLY and EXPLAIN the methodology of attegral calculus and mear algebra (APACITY for ELF-DIRECTED EARNING to inderstand the principles of attegral calculus and mear algebra (BILITY to DEVELOP in the problems with different in the problems with different in the problems with different in the problems in the problems in the problems with different in the problems in the problem	(A+, A, A-) (B+, B, B-) (C+, C, C-) (D) ABILITY to APPLY and EXPLAIN the methodology of integral calculus and near algebra APACITY for ELF-DIRECTED EARNING to integral calculus and nee principles of integral calculus and nee principles of integral calculus and neer algebra ABILITY to DEVELOP integral calculus and near algebra and OLVE problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and OLVE problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve problems with different integral calculus and near algebra and olve proble

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

- A) Basic theorems of differentiation
- B) Applications of differentiation: rate of change, local extrema, optimization problems, power and Taylor series, l'Hôpital rule
- C) Definite and indefinite integrals; Techniques of integration, integration by substitution, integration by parts; Improper integrals
- D) Physical and geometric applications of integration
- E) Vectors in R^2 and R^3 ; Scalar products, cross products, triple scalar products; Linear (in)dependence; Applications to equations of lines and planes
- F) Matrices; Determinants, cofactor expansion; Systems of linear equations, Gaussian elimination, Cramer's rule; Matrix inverses, Gauss-Jordan elimination method
- G) Arithmetic of complex numbers; Polar and Euler forms; De Moivre's theorem and its applications

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

1.	Basic Calculus and Linear Algebra (Compiled by Department of Mathematics, City							
	University of Hong Kong), Pearson Custom Publishing, 2007							
2.	C. Henry Edwards and David E. Penney, Calculus: Early Transcendentals, 7th ed.,							
	Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008							
3.	Robert A. Adams, Calculus: A Complete Course, 6th ed., Pearson Addison Wesley,							
	2006							

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

1.	Glyn James et al., Modern engineering mathematics, Harlow: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
2.	
3.	