City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by College/School/Department of <u>Mathematics</u> with effect from Semester <u>B</u> 20_17_ / _18_

| Part I Course Overv | view |
|---|---|
| Course Title: | Numerical Methods for Differential Equations |
| Course Code: | MA3514 |
| Course Duration: | One semester |
| Credit Units: | 3 |
| Level: | В3 |
| Proposed Area: | ☐ Arts and Humanities ☐ Study of Societies, Social and Business Organisations |
| (for GE courses only) Medium of | Science and Technology English |
| Instruction: | English |
| Medium of Assessment: | MA3511 Ordinary Differential Equations |
| Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title) | |
| Precursors: (Course Code and Title) | MA3513 Elementary Numerical Methods |
| Equivalent Courses : (Course Code and Title) | Nil |
| Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title) | Nil |

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Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

(A 150-word description about the course)

This course aims to apply numerical methods and scientific computing techniques for ordinary and partial differential equations. It trains students to design computer programs and apply them to solve differential equations.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

| No. | CILOs# | Weighting* | Discov | ery-enr | riched |
|---------|---|-------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| | | (if | curricu | ılum rel | ated |
| | | applicable) | learnin | g outco | omes |
| | | | (please | tick | where |
| | | | approp | riate) | |
| | | | A1 | A2 | A3 |
| 1. | explain mathematical ideas of numerical methods in | | √ | ✓ | |
| | solving ordinary and partial differential equations. | | | | |
| 2. | implement computing software packages (including | | \checkmark | ✓ | |
| | MATLAB) as differential equation solvers. | | | | |
| 3. | evaluate solutions of differential equations with appropriate | | \checkmark | ✓ | |
| | software package(s). | | | | |
| 4. | apply numerical and computational methods for solving | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | initial and boundary value problems. | | | | |
| 5. | the combination of CILOs 1-4 | | √ | √ | √ |
| * If w/ | gighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100% | 100% | | | |

^{*} If weighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

(TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

| TLA | Brief Description | | O No. | | Hours/week (if | | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|-------|---|----------------|---|--|-------------------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | applicable) |
| Lecture | Learning through teaching is primarily based on lectures. | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | | 39 hours in total |
| Take-home assignments | Learning through take-home assignments helps students understand basic concepts and | Y | Y | Y | Y | | | after-class |

[#] Please specify the alignment of CILOs to the Gateway Education Programme Intended Learning outcomes (PILOs) in Section A of Annex.

| Online applications | numerical techniques for solving initial value and boundary value problems, with implementation in analyzing concrete problems. Learning through project(s) helps students apply numerical and computational methods in solving more sophisticated ordinary/partial differential equations. It also helps students to communicate and collaborate effectively in the team. | | Y | Y | Y | | after-class |
|---------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|
| Math Help Centre | Learning activities in Math Help Centre provides students extra help. | Y | | Y | Y | | after-class |
| Lecture | Learning through teaching is primarily based on lectures. | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | 39 hours in total |

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

30% Coursework

70% Examination (Duration: 3 hours, at the end of the semester)

For a student to pass the course, at least 30% of the maximum mark for the examination must be obtained.

| Assessment Tasks/Activities | CII | O N | 0. | | | Weighting* | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|----|---|---|------------|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | |
| Continuous Assessment: _30 | % | | | | | | |
| Test | Y | | Y | Y | | 15-30% | Questions are designed for the first part of the course to see how well the students have learned mathematical concepts and techniques of solving initial value problems for ordinary differential equations numerically. |
| Hand-in assignments | Y | Y | Y | Y | | 0-15% | These are skills based assessment to enable |
| | | | | | | | students to demonstrate |

| | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | | I | T |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------|-------|-------|---|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | techniques of solving |
| | | | | | | | differential equations |
| | | | | | | | via numerical methods |
| | | | | | | | and analyzing solutions |
| | | | | | | | with the aid of |
| | | | | | | | computing software |
| | | | | | | | packages. |
| Project(s) | | Y | Y | Y | | 0-15% | Students are assessed |
| | | | | | | | on their ability in |
| | | | | | | | applying numerical and |
| | | | | | | | computational methods |
| | | | | | | | to solve more |
| | | | | | | | sophisticated |
| | | | | | | | differential equations, |
| | | | | | | | as well as on the |
| | | | | | | | presentation of |
| | | | | | | | numerical results with |
| | | | | | | | analysis. |
| Formative take-home | Y | Y | Y | Y | | 0% | The assignments |
| assignments | | | | | | | provide students |
| | | | | | | | chances to demonstrate |
| | | | | | | | their achievements on |
| | | | | | | | solving and analyzing |
| | | | | | | | solutions of initial |
| | | | | | | | value and boundary |
| | | | | | | | value problems |
| | | | | | | | numerically. |
| E-minution, 70 o/ /1 d | 2.1 | | 1. | | | | Prominetic (|
| Examination: _70% (duration | اللا تي .ا | 15, 11 | ahhii | Cavie | , | | Examination questions are designed to see how far students have achieved their intended learning outcomes. Questions will primarily be skills and understanding based to |
| | | | | | | | assess the student's versatility in numerical |
| | | | | | | | methods for differential equations. |
| * The weightings should add up to 1 | 00%. | | | | | 100% | • |

100%

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

| Assessment Task | Criterion | Excellent | Good | Fair | Marginal | Failure |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| | | (A+, A, A-) | (B+, B, B-) | (C+, C, C-) | (D) | (F) |
| 1. Test | Ability to develop accurate and effective numerical methods and compute correctly | High | Significant | Moderate | Basic | Not even reaching marginal levels |
| 2. Hand-in assignments | Ability to develop accurate and effective numerical methods and compute correctly | High | Significant | Moderate | Basic | Not even reaching marginal levels |
| 3. Projects | Ability to implement numerical methods of differential equation in MATLAB | High | Significant | Moderate | Basic | Not even reaching marginal levels |
| 4. Examination | Ability to develop accurate and effective numerical methods and compute correctly | High | Significant | Moderate | Basic | Not even reaching marginal levels |
| 5. Formative take-home assignments | Ability to develop accurate and effective numerical methods and compute correctly | High | Significant | Moderate | Basic | Not even reaching marginal levels |

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Numerical Methods for Initial Value Problems of ODE's. Finite Difference Methods for Two-Point Boundary Value Problems. Finite Difference Methods for Partial Differential Equations. Finite Element Methods for Two-Point Boundary Value Problems

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

| 1. | Notes from the instructor |
|----|---|
| 2. | Numerical Methods for Ordinary Differential Equations: Initial Value Problems; D. Griffiths |
| | and D J Higham; Springer 2010 |
| 3. | Introduction to Numerical Methods in Differential Equations, M Holmes, Springer, 2007 |
| | |

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

| 1. | |
|----|--|
| 2. | |
| 3. | |
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