City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by Department of Public and International Affairs with effect from Semester A 2024/25

| Part I Course Overv | view |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Course Title: | State and Market in China |
| Course Code: | PIA5710 |
| Course Duration: | 1 semester |
| Credit Units: | 3 |
| Level: | P5 |
| Medium of Instruction: | English |
| Medium of Assessment: | English |
| Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title) | Nil |
| Precursors: (Course Code and Title) | Nil |
| Equivalent Courses: (Course Code and Title) | POL5710 State and Market in China |
| Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title) | Nil |

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Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

This course aims to provide student with an understanding of the changing relationships between the state and market during the course of economic development in China. China remains a communist country with a significant legacy of a command economy. But it is also a market economy. Understanding this mixture of capitalism with Chinese characters, the China model, is a major aim of this course. By exploring the different reform period in China, from the planned economy to recent financial crisis, this course will walk students through the evaluation of state and market relationship in contemporary China. Through this learning experience, student will be able to apply interdisciplinary theories to analyze the dynamics between roles of state and market in China.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

| No. | CILOs | Weighting (if applicable) | Discovery-enriched curriculum related learning outcomes (please tick where appropriate) | | |
|-----|--|---------------------------------|---|----|-----------|
| | | | Al | A2 | <i>A3</i> |
| 1. | Apply multidisciplinary theories to explain the role of state and market in different reform period | 40 | V | 1 | |
| 2. | Understand the internal causes of China's economic and institutional reforms to the changing relations between state and market. | 30 | V | V | V |
| 3. | Explain the impacts of external factors that are conducive to the roles of state in market reform, such as trade relationships and the financial crisis. | 30 | V | V | 1 |
| | | 100% | | | |

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

3. Learning and Teaching Activities (LTAs)

(LTAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

| LTA | Brief Description | CILO No. | | o. | Hours/week |
|-----|---|----------|---|----|-----------------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | (if applicable) |
| 1 | Presentation | X | X | X | |
| | Each student has to prepare an oral presentation on his or her | | | | |
| | chosen topics. This is an individual presentation of no more | | | | |
| | than 12 minute and it must be <u>in English</u> that requires | | | | |
| | originality and primary research. | | | | |
| 2 | Quiz | X | X | X | |
| 3 | Classroom discussion | X | X | X | |
| 4 | Essay (3,000 words) | X | X | X | |
| | An individual essay on the presented topic within 4 weeks after | | | | |
| | the presentation | | | | |

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

| Assessment Tasks/Activities | | | o. | Weighting | Remarks | |
|---|---|---|----|-----------|---------|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| Continuous Assessment: 100% | | | | | | |
| Presentation | X | X | X | 20% | | |
| Quiz | X | X | X | 20% | | |
| Classroom Tasks | X | X | X | 20% | | |
| Essay (3,000 words) | X | X | X | 40% | | |
| Examination: 0 % (duration: N/A hours, if applicable) | | | | | | |

100%

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Applicable to students admitted before Semester A 2022/23 and in Semester A 2024/25 & thereafter

Applicable to students admitted from Semester A 2022/23 to Summer Term 2024

| Assessment Task | Criterion | Excellent | Good | Marginal | Failure |
|-----------------|-----------|--|--|---|--|
| | | (A+, A, A-) | (B+, B) | (B-, C+, C) | (F) |
| Presentation; | | High standard of being | Fairly high standard of | Rudimentary standard of | Almost no standard of |
| Classroom task, | | able to recognise, explain | being able to recognise, | being able to recognise, | being able to recognise, |
| Quiz, ; Essay | | and compare distinct | explain and compare | explain and compare | explain and compare |
| (···-),··J | | theoretical approaches to | distinct theoretical | distinct theoretical | distinct theoretical |
| | | China studies, policy | approaches to China | approaches to China | approaches to China |
| | | transfer and learning. | studies, policy transfer and | studies, policy transfer and | studies, policy transfer and |
| | | High standard of being | learning. | learning | learning |
| | | able to recognise, explain | Fairly high standard of | Basic standard of being | Almost no standard of |
| | | and compare distinct | being able to recognise, | able to recognise, explain | being able to recognise, |
| | | methodological | explain and compare | and compare distinct | explain and compare |
| | | approaches to China | distinct methodological | methodological | distinct methodological |
| | | studies, policy transfer and | approaches to China | approaches to China | approaches to China |
| | | learning. | studies, policy transfer and | studies, policy transfer and | studies, policy transfer and |
| | | Highly innovative ability | learning. | learning. | learning |
| | | to relate literature review | Fairly innovative ability to | Little innovative ability to | No innovative ability to |
| | | of cutting-edge topics to | relate literature review of | relate literature review of | relate literature review of |
| | | China studies, policy | cutting-edge topics to | cutting-edge topics to | cutting-edge topics to |
| | | transfer and learning. | China studies, policy | China studies, policy | China studies, policy |
| | | Strong demonstration of | transfer and learning | transfer and learning. | transfer and learning. |
| | | critical ability to interpret | Fairly good demonstration | Weak demonstration of | Almost no demonstration |
| | | data and argument. | of critical ability to | critical ability to interpret | of critical ability to |
| | | Strong ability to apply theory and method in the | interpret data and | data and argument. Basic | interpret data and |
| | | study of China studies, | argument | ability to apply theory and | argument. Almost no |
| | | policy transfer and | Fairly strong ability to | method in the study of | ability to apply theory and |
| | | learning to topical issues. | apply theory and method | China studies, policy | method in the study of |
| | | Excellent accomplishment | in the study of China studies, policy transfer and | transfer and learning to topical issues | China studies, policy transfer and learning to |
| | | of writing and oral | | Basic accomplishment of | |
| | | presentation. | learning to topical issues. Fairly strong | writing and oral | topical issues Very inadequate |
| | | presentation. | Fairly strong accomplishment of writing | presentation | Very inadequate accomplishment of writing |
| | | | 1 | presentation | and oral presentation |
| | | | and oral presentation | | and oral presentation |

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

China model, Initiation and process of economic reform, Rural reform and industrialization, The Urban Economy: State-owned enterprise reform, privatization, Chinese-style Federalism, Local governance, Financial markets and banking, Foreign Trade and Investment, The Regulatory State, Corruption.

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

- 1. Alexander Day (2013), The Peasant in Post-socialist China: History, Politics and Capitalism (New York: Cambridge University Press), chapters 2 & 3
- 2. Alvin So (2009), "Rethinking the Chinese Developmental Model," in Hung Ho-fung (ed.), *China and the Transformation of Global Capitalism* (Baltimore: John Hopkins University Press), pp. 50-64.
- 3. Andrew Walder (1986), Communist Neo-Traditionalism: Work and Authority in Chinese Industry (Berkeley & Los Angeles: University of California Press), Chapter 1.
- 4. Arthur Kreober (2011), "Developmental Dreams: Policy and Reality in China's Economic Reforms," in Scott Kennedy (ed.), *Beyond the Middle Kingdom: Comparative Perspectives on China's Capitalist Transformation* (Stanford: Stanford University Press), pp. 44-65.
- 5. Arthur Kroeber (2016), China's Economy (Oxford: Oxford University Press), chapter 2.
- 6. Barry Naughton (2007), *The Chinese Economy: Transitions and Growth* (Cambridge: MIT Press), Chapter 3.
- 7. Barry Naughton (2015), The Transformation of State Sector: SASAC, the Market Economy, and the New National Champions," in Barry Naughton and Kellee Tsai (eds.), *State Capitalism, Institutional Adaptation, and the Chinese Miracle* (New York: Cambridge University Press), pp. 46-74.
- 8. Bruce Dickson (2008), Wealth into Power (New York: Cambridge University Press), chapters 1 & 2.
- 9. Carl Riskin (1987), China's Political Economy (Oxford: Oxford University Press), Chapter 2.
- 10. Christine Wong (2007), "Can the Retreat from Equality be Reversed? An Assessment of Redistributive Fiscal Policies from Deng Xiaoping to Wen Jiaobo," in Vivienne Shue and Christine Wong (eds.), *Paying for Progress in China* (London: Routledge), pp. 12-28.
- 11. Christopher McNally (2012), "Sino-Capitalism: China's Reemergence and the International Political Economy," *World Politics*, vol. 64, no. 4, pp. 741-76.
- 12. Deborah Davis (2000), "Introduction: A Revolution in Consumption," in Deborah Davis (ed.), *The Consumer Revolution in Urban China* (Berkeley & Los Angeles: University of California Press), Chapter 1.
- 13. Douglas Elliot, Arthur Kroeber and Yu Qiao (2015), "Shadow Banking in China: A Primer (Washington DC: Brookings Institutions)(March): http://www.brookings.edu/research/papers/2015/04/01-shadow-banking-china-primer-elliott-kroeber-yu
- 14. Janos Kornai (1992), The Socialist System (Princeton: Princeton University Press), Chapter 7.
- 15. Jean Oi (1992), "Fiscal Reform and the Economic Foundations of Local State Corporatism in China," *World Politics*, No. 45 (October), pp. 99-126.
- 16. Jean Oi and Han Chaohua (2011), "China's Corporate Restructuring: A Multi-step Process," in Jean Oi (ed.)(2011), *Going Private in China* (Stanford: The Walter H. Shorenstein Asia-Pacific Research Centre), pp. 19-38.
- 17. Lee Bransetter (2007), "China's Financial Market: An Overview," in Charles Calomiris (ed.), *China's Financial Transition at a Crossroads* (New York: Columbia University Press), pp.23-78.
- 18. Li Shi, Luo Chuliang and Terry Sicular (2013), "Rising Inequality in China: Key Issues and Findings," in Li Shi, Hiroshi Sato and Terry Sincular (eds.), *Rising Inequality in China: Challenges to a Harmonious Society* (New York: Cambridge University Press).
- 19. Maxim Boycko, Andrei Shleifer & Robert Vishny (1996), *Privatizing Russia* (Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press), Chapter 3.

- 20. Pierre Landry (2008), Decentralized Authoritarianism in China: The Communist Party's Control of Local Elites in the Post-Mao Era (New York: Cambridge University Press), Chapter 1.
- 21. Ray Yep (2008), "Enhancing the Redistributive Capacity of the Chinese State? Impact of Fiscal Reforms on County Finance," *Pacific Review*, 21:2 (May):231-255.
- 22. Ray Yep (2013), "Containing Land Grab: A Misguided Response to Conflicts over Land", *Journal of Contemporary China*, 22:80: 273-291.
- 23. Reeitsu Kojima (1988), "Agricultural Organization: New Forms, New Contradictions," *China Quarterly*, No. 116 (December), pp. 706-735.
- 24. Roselyn Hsueh (2011), *China's Regulatory State: A New Strategy for Globalization* (Itacha & London: Cornell University Press), Chapter 10.
- 25. Ross Garnaut et al (2006), "Impact and Significance of State-Owned Enterprise Restructuring in China," *China Journal* (January) No. 55, pp. 35-63.
- 26. Shahid Yusuf et al (2006), *Under New Ownership* (Stanford: Stanford University Press), Chapters 2.
- 27. Stephen Green (2003), China's Stock Market (London: Profile Books), Chapter 2.
- 28. Victor Nee and Sonja Opper (2012), *Capitalism From Below* (Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University Press), chapter 9.
- 29. Victor Nee and Sonja Opper (2012), *Markets and Institutional Change in China: Capitalism from Below* (Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University Press), Chapter 4.

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

Nil