City University of Hong Kong

Course Syllabus

offered by School of Law with effect from Semester B 2023/24

Part I Course Overview

Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

Legal disputes involving a foreign element create three fundamental questions. First, whether the courts of a forum have jurisdiction on the dispute. Second, if they have jurisdiction, whether foreign law(s) may or should be taken into account in order to resolve the dispute in question. Third, whether foreign judgments are to be recognised and enforced. These questions arise routinely in commercial affairs, claims in tort, marriage and divorce disputes, inheritance, wills and rights with respect of movable and immovable property. International contracts almost invariably pose the questions of jurisdiction and applicable law. Commercial arbitration poses one additional question: which law applies to the arbitration proceedings.

Every legal system has given answers to these questions but the answers are not always the same. The course provides students with a practical and legal background to the nature, scope and rules of Hong Kong's private international law (for the purposes of this course private international law is understood as conflict of laws) with emphasis on the issues arising in commercial disputes and arbitration. The course will cover issues of jurisdiction, choice of law, proof of foreign law, jurisdiction of arbitral tribunal, enforcement of arbitral awards and foreign judgements. The law of Hong Kong will be compared with that of other jurisdictions to enable students to gain an understanding of the various solutions developed around the world. Technology, particularly transactions online and on the "cloud", automated (smart) contracts, torts committed online and the location of online assets, all pose challenges to the adopted solutions for private international law issues. This is because the elements connecting a court with a particular dispute are not as easy to identify as under commercial practices predating the development of each type of technology. The course will discuss these issues and the way solutions are being developed.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs#	Weighting (if applicable)	Discovery-enriched curriculum related learning outcomes (please tick where		
			approp		WHOTO
			AI	A2	A3
1.	Describe and demonstrate an understanding of basic concepts of private international law		$\sqrt{}$		
2.	Identify situations where private international law is relevant and critically assess the ways such problems have been solved under Hong Kong law and under the law of other states.		√	V	
3.	Demonstrate good understanding of way conflict of laws are resolved under the law of Hong Kong in contractual disputes, in extra-contractual liability cases and in alternative dispute resolution situations.		√ 	V	
4.	Apply conflict of law rules and relevant statutes to solve complex factual problems		V	1	V
5.	Identify and critically assess the problems of private international law posed by technological development in commercial disputes.		V	V	
		100%			

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A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: **Ability**

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

(TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CILO	CILO No.			Hours/week (if applicable)	
		1	2	3	4	5	
Seminars	Interactive classes on the substantive issues of Private International Law, its concepts and its application.	V	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	2 hours/week or a total of 26 hours of block teaching
Tutorials and practical problems	Students will integrate their substantive knowledge and develop functional skills and deeper understanding by working on problem and case studies.	V	V	1	1	V	0.75 hour/week or a total of 9 hours of block teaching
Guided individual studying	Development of basic independent research and critical assessment skills.	V	1	V	1	1	
Formative work	Application of legal principles and knowledge to practical situations.	V	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	0.25 hour/week or a total of 3 hours of block teaching

Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CILO No.					Weighting*	Remarks	
	1	2	3	4	5			
Continuous Assessment: 30%								
Quizzes	√	√	√			20%	4 x 5%; The use of Generative AI tools is not allowed.	
Group presentation and report	V	$\sqrt{}$	V	$\sqrt{}$	V	10 %	The use of Generative AI tools is not allowed.	
Examination: (2 hours)	V	$\sqrt{}$			V	70%	The use of Generative AI tools is not allowed.	
* The weightings should add up to 100%.						100%		

The weightings should add up to 100%.

Applicable to students admitted in Semester A 2022/23 and thereafter

Students must obtain a minimum mark of 50% in examination and an overall mark of 50% in order to pass the course.

Students will be required to take a computer-based examination in a computer laboratory. During the examination students will not have access to the Internet. However relevant materials will be allowed in the exam.

Applicable to students admitted before Semester A 2022/23

Students must obtain a minimum mark of 40% in examination and an overall mark of 40% in order to pass the course.

Students will be required to take a computer-based examination in a computer laboratory. During the examination students will not have access to the Internet. However relevant materials will be allowed in the exam.

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Applicable to students admitted in Semester A 2022/23 and thereafter

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B)	(B-, C+, C)	(F)
Quizzes	Demonstration of the ability to correctly identify and define the concepts of private international law, its legal sources, theoretical considerations and apply them to the solution of short problems.	High	Significant	Moderate	Inadequate
Group Presentation and report	The ability to identify the legal issues of private international law involved. The ability to formulate a logically structured and well-presented outline of an answer in a timely manner. The ability to respond to questions and criticism in a constructive manner. The ability to write a well-researched and critical academic essay with good use of the English language and proper use of referencing styles and citations.	High	Significant	Moderate	Inadequate
Examination	Demonstration of ability to identify issues. Application of knowledge to specific problems and discussion questions.	High	Significant	Moderate	Inadequate

Applicable to students admitted before Semester A 2022/23

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
Quizzes	Demonstration of the	Strong evidence of	Evidence of	Student who is	Sufficient familiarity	Little evidence of
	ability to correctly	accurate and	accurate and	profiting from the	with the subject matter	familiarity with the
	identify and define	complete	complete	university	to enable the student	subject matter;
	the concepts of	knowledge of the	knowledge of the	experience;	to progress without	weakness in critical
	private international	concepts and	concepts and	understanding of	repeating the course.	and analytic skills;
	law, its legal sources,	theories of private	theories of private	the subject; ability		limited, or irrelevant
	theoretical	international law.	international law.	to develop solutions		use of literature.
	considerations and	Strong evidence of	Satisfactory	to simple problems		
	apply them to the	functional skills in	functional skills in	in the material.		
	solution of short	applying the	applying the			
	problems.	principles of	principles of			
		private	private			
		international law	international law			
		to practical	to practical			
		problems.	problems.			
Group Presentation	The ability to identify	Strong evidence of	Evidence of good	Basic organization	Sufficient structure	Little evidence of
and report	the legal issues of	good organization,	organization,	and understanding	and understanding to	familiarity with the
	private international	excellent capacity	competency in the	of the legal issues.	enable the student to	subject matter; no
	law involved. The	to analyse the	identification of	Ability to approach	progress without	structure, no evidence
	ability to formulate a	topic and identify	the topic and use	the problem in a	repeating the course.	of critical and analytic
	logically structured	the components of	in formulating an	superficial way.	Inability to benefit	skills; limited, or
	and well-presented	the answer,	answer, evidence	Small timing	from criticism,	irrelevant use of
	outline of an answer	evidence of	of good	management issues.		literature.
	in a timely manner.	extensive	knowledge base.	Ability to		
	The ability to respond	knowledge base.	Good time	understand the		
	to questions and	Excellent time	management.	criticism even if not		
	criticism in a	management.	Responsive and	able to respond		
	constructive manner.	Responsive and	appreciative to	adequately.		
	The ability to write a	appreciative to	constructive	Basic self-learning		
	well-researched and	constructive	comments.	ability and		
	critical academic	comments.	Good skills in	rudimentary		
	essay with good use	Strong skills in	finding and	research skills.		
	of the English	finding and	synthesising legal			

	language and proper use of referencing styles and citations.	synthesising legal resources in persuasive arguments.	resources in rational arguments.			
Examination	Demonstration of ability to identify issues. Application of knowledge to specific problems and discussion questions.	Strong evidence of original thinking; good organization, capacity to analyse and synthesize; superior grasp of subject matter; evidence of extensive knowledge base.	Evidence of grasp of subject, some evidence of critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of issues; evidence of familiarity with literature.	Student who is profiting from the university experience; understanding of the subject; ability to develop solutions to simple problems in the material.	Sufficient familiarity with the subject matter to enable the student to progress without repeating the course.	Little evidence of familiarity with the subject matter; weakness in critical and analytic skills; limited, or irrelevant use of literature.

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Syllabus

1.1 Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Private international law, Conflict of laws, public policy, sovereign immunity, *renvoi*, jurisdiction, *forum non conveniens*, anti-suit injunction, choice of law in contract, choice of law in extra-contractual liability, choice of law in alternative dispute resolution, enforcement of arbitral awards and foreign judgements.

1.2 Detailed Syllabus

Seminar 1. Introduction – What is the course about.

Seminar 2. Basic Concepts of Private International Law. Foreign element, connecting factors and their definition, substantive and procedural issues. Characterisation.

Seminar 3. Establishing and challenging the jurisdiction of Hong Kong courts.

Seminar 4. Contractual disputes 1: Applicable law- Agreements on jurisdiction and choice of law.

Seminar 5. Contractual disputes 2: Incorporation of applicable law and jurisdiction clauses into contracts. Application of contractual agreements to parties other than the original parties.

Seminar 6. Applicable law and jurisdiction for non-contractual disputes.

Seminar 7. The anti-suit injunction.

Seminar 8. Enforcement of judgements.

Seminar 9. Issues with arbitration I. The law applicable to arbitration proceedings. The role of the seat of the arbitration.

Seminar 10. Issues with arbitration II. Enforcement of awards. Anti-suit injunctions in support of arbitration proceedings.

Seminar 11. Technology and private international law. Smart Contracts.

Seminar 12. Conflict of laws for Cryptocurrencies and fintech.

2. Reading List

2.1 Recommended Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

- Sir Lawrence Collins and the others (eds), Dicey, Morris & Collins The Conflict of Laws Volumes 1 and 2 (15th edition, Sweet & Maxwell 2018).
- James Fawcett and Janeen M. Carruthers, *Cheshire, North & Fawcett Private International Law* (15th edition, Oxford University Press 2017).
- Graeme Johnston, *The Conflict of Laws in Hong Kong* (3rd edn, Sweet & Maxwell Asia 2017).
- David McClean and Kisch Beevers, Morris Conflict of Laws (9th edn, Sweet & Maxwell 2016).
- Briggs A, Agreements on Jurisdiction and choice of law, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- Briggs A, The Conflict of Laws, (4th edition), Oxford University Press, 2019.
- Thomas Rapfael, The anti-suit injunction 2nd edition 2019.

Journals:

International and Comparative Law Quarterly

Journal of Private International Law Lloyd's Maritime and Commercial Law Quarterly

2.2 Online Resources

Conflict of Laws.net (http://conflictoflaws.net)

Hague Conference on Private International Law http://www.hcch.net/index_en.php