City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by College/School/Department of Social & Behavioural Sciences with effect from Semester A 2022/23

Part I Course Over	view
Course Title:	Narrative-based Therapeutic Conversations: Theory and Practice
Course Code:	SS5805
Course Duration:	One Semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	<u>P5</u>
Medium of Instruction:	English, supplemented by Cantonese/Putonghua in live demonstration, skills rehearsal, and role-play exercises as situation requires.
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	NIL
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	NIL
Equivalent Courses:	
(Course Code and Title)	NIL
Exclusive Courses:	NIL

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Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

This course aims to offer an overview of the "narrative turn" in human sciences and examine the role and application of narrative (de)construction in counselling and psychotherapy, with dual foci on the theoretical work underpinning narrative-based therapeutic systems, notably Narrative Therapy, and the development of skilled performance in opening up narrative space and navigating (de)constructing and reauthoring conversations in therapeutic work in human services and other professional/occupational contexts.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting (if applicable)	Discovery-en curriculum re learning outc (please tick appropriate)		ated mes
			Al	A2	A3
1.	Examine and explain how human beings lead storied lives and how narratives play a central role in giving meaning to people's lived experience, in self and identify construction, and in creating multiple realities that people live in.	20%	>	✓	\
2.	Critically examine discursive formations that furnish dominant discourses to condition and constraint how people make sense of their lived experience and perceive the world they live in.	20%	√		
3.	Describe and evaluate how the "narrative turn" in human sciences has re-fashioned professional worldviews and therapeutic practices, as expressed in narrative-based systems of counselling and psychotherapy.	20%	√	√	*
	Demonstrate skilled performance in practicing narrative therapy, as an exemplar of narrative-based therapeutic systems, in helping people to work through trauma, losses, and personal failures in life.	40%	✓	✓	√
		100%			

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

3.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs) (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description		CIL	O No.	Hours/week	
		1	2	3	4	(if applicable)
1.	Lectures: Intellectual resource will be presented in short lectures and, if feasible, with illustrations drawn from therapeutic work in counselling and psychotherapy.	√	√	√ 		
2.	Video- and live demonstration: Media resources, notably video demonstrations of narrative-based therapeutic systems by master therapists (Michael White, David Epston, Harlene Anderson, Stephen Madigan) that students have online access via the Run Run Shaw Library of CityU, will be used in an integrated manner with short lectures and live demonstrations, the latter being staged to explore narrative-based therapeutic work with people in the local context.	V	V		V	
3.	Role-play and peer counselling: Skilled performance in practicing Narrative Therapy is developed through both in-class and off-class role-plays and peer counselling. Role- plays are largely structured by the teacher. Peer counselling is organized as self-directed learning, which also contributes to student assessment.			√	V	
4.	Group presentation: Students host workshops to explore how ideas of narrative-based therapeutic systems may be usefully applied to help people who are facing chronic difficulties or living on the fringe.		√	1	V	
5.	Student Consultation: scheduled student group consultation is arranged to facilitate interactions and exchanges among students and respective teacher for depth learning.	1	V	V		

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)
(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CILO No.			Weighting	Remarks	
	1	2	3	4		
Continuous Assessment:%						
AT1: Group presentation					40%	
Performance of students working as a						
group to plan, design, and host						
workshops that explore how ideas of						
narrative-based therapeutic systems may						
be usefully applied to help specific client						
groups will be assessed along three						
assessment dimensions: (a) quality of						
learning that the audience gains; (b) the						
quality of intellectual work being tapped;						
and (c) how ideas drawn from narrative-						
based therapeutic systems are applied in						
therapeutic work with people who are going through trauma and losses, or are						
coping with personal failures in life.						
AT2: Term paper			V	1	60%	
Students write an individual paper of			V	V	0070	
around 3,000 words documenting and						
reflecting on their experience in						
practicing ideas of Narrative Therapy in						
peer counselling, in the role of						
counsellor and/or client.						
Examination:% (duration:	, if ap	plica	ble)			
					1000/	

100%

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Applicable to students admitted in Semester A 2022/23 and thereafter

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent (A+, A, A-)	Good (B+, B)	Marginal (B-, C+, C)	Failure (F)
1. Group presentation	1.1 Ability to show good understanding and thoughtful ideas of a chosen topic/issue/target;	Strong evidence	Good evidence	fair evidence	Limited evidence
	1.2 Ability to apply knowledge and skills in understanding the situations and challenges of the chosen target, and supported with relevant evidence;	Strong evidence	Good evidence	fair evidence	Limited evidence
	1.3 Ability to cite appropriate reference/resources, and make proper reference style;	Strong evidence	Good evidence	fair evidence	Limited evidence
	1.4 Ability to show good responsibility in taking one's share of group tasks;	Strong evidence	Good evidence	fair evidence	Limited evidence
	1.5 Ability to use interesting and relevant materials/tools to attract classmates' interests and attention	Strong evidence	Good evidence	fair evidence	Limited evidence
2. Term Paper	2.1 Ability to make sensible and appropriate reflection on one's professional or personal stance/value;	Strong evidence	Good evidence	fair evidence	Limited evidence
	2.2 Ability to demonstrate self- reflective in learning and to strive for professional competence	Strong evidence	Good evidence	fair evidence	Limited evidence

Applicable to students admitted before Semester A 2022/23

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent (A+, A, A-)	Good (B+, B, B-)	Adequate (C+, C, C-)	Marginal (D)	Failure (F)
1. Group presentation	1.1 Ability to show good understanding and thoughtful ideas of a chosen topic/issue/target;	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching marginal levels
	1.2 Ability to apply knowledge and skills in understanding the situations and challenges of the chosen target, and supported with relevant evidence;	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching marginal levels
	1.3 Ability to cite appropriate reference/resources, and make proper reference style;	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching marginal levels
	1.4 Ability to show good responsibility in taking one's share of group tasks;	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching marginal levels
	1.5 Ability to use interesting and relevant materials/tools to attract classmates' interests and attention	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching marginal levels
2. Term paper	2.1 Ability to make sensible and appropriate reflection on one's professional or personal stance/value;	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching marginal levels
	2.2 Ability to demonstrate self- reflective in learning and to strive for professional competence	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	Not even reaching marginal levels

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Time, narrative, and memory; the narrative quality of human experience; discursive formation and the social construction of human experience; life as a text – re-reading and re-writing life; narratives for self-construction; language use as a reality-creating activity; talk as possibilities; narrative construction of life in therapeutic conversations – narrative questioning, re-membering conversation, re-authoring conversation, and de-constructing conversation; storied therapy – re-authoring lived experiences of trauma, losses, and personal failure; narrative practice in group and community work.

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

1.	White, M. (2007). Maps of narrative practice. New York: W.W. Norton.
2.	McLeod, J. (1997). Narrative and psychotherapy. London: Sage.

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

1.	Anderson, H. (1997). Conversation, language, and possibilities: A postmodern approach
	to therapy. New York: Basic Books.
2.	Angus, L. E., & McLeod, J. (Eds.). (2004). The handbook of narrative and
	psychotherapy: Practice, theory, and research. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
3.	Ben-Ari, A. T. (1995). It's the telling that makes the difference. In R. Josselson, & A.
	Lieblich (Eds.), Interpreting experience (The Narrative Study of Lives, Volume 3) (pp.
	153-172). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
4.	Bochner, A. P., & Ellis, C. (Eds.). (2002). Ethnographically speaking: Autoethnography,
	literature, and aesthetics. Walnut Creek, CA: AltaMira Press. (GN 307.7 E84 2002
	HKUST Library)
5.	Brown, C., & Augusta-Scott, T. (Eds.). (2007). Narrative therapy: Making meaning,
	making lives. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
6.	Close, H. T. (1998). Metaphor in psychotherapy: Clinical applications of stories and
	allegories. San Luis Obispo, CA: Impact Publishers.
7.	Eakin, P. J. (2008). Living autobiographically: How we create identity in narrative.
	Ithaca, N.Y.: Cornell University Press.
8.	Eakin, P. J. (1999). How our lives become stories: Making selves. Ithaca, N.Y.: Cornell
	University Press.
9.	Etherington, K. (2000). Narrative approaches to working with adult male survivors of
	sexual abuse: The clients', the counsellor's, and the researcher's stories. London: Jessica
	Kingsley Publishers.
10.	Ferrara, K. W. (1994). Therapeutic ways with words. New York: Oxford University
	Press.
11.	Foote, C. E., & Frank, A. W. (1999). Foucault and therapy: The disciplining of grief. In
	A. S. Chambon, A. Irving, & L. Epstein (Eds.), Reading Foucault for social work (pp.
	157-188). New York: Columbia University Press.
12.	Freeman, M. P. (1993). Rewriting the self: History, memory, narrative. London:
	Routledge.
13.	Friedman, S. (Ed.). (1993). The new language of change: Constructive collaboration in
	psychotherapy. New York: The Guilford Press.
14.	Gabriele, C. (2010). Constructive psychotherapy: A narrative hermeneutic approach.

	London: Routledge. (CUHK library)
15.	Gaita, R. (1991). Language and conversation. In A. P. Griffiths (Ed.), Wittgenstein
	centenary essays. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
16.	Grace, G. W. (1987). The linguistic construction of reality. London: Croom Helms.
17.	Hermans, H. J. M., & Hermans-Jansen, E. (1995). Self-narratives: The construction of
	meaning in psychotherapy. New York: The Guilford Press.
18.	Hinchman, L. P., & Hinchman, S. K. (Eds.). (1997). Memory, identity, community: The
	idea of narrative in the human sciences. Albany, N.Y.: State University of New York
	Press.
19.	Holstein, J. A., & Gubrium, J. F. (2000). The self we live by: Narrative identity in a
	postmodern world. New York: Oxford University Press.
20.	Lieblich, A., McAdams, D. P., & Josselson, R. (Eds.). (2004). Healing plots: The
	narrative basis of psychotherapy. Washington, D.C.: America Psychological
	Association.
21.	Madigan, S., & Law, I. (Eds.). (1998). Praxis: Situating discourse, feminism and politics
	in narrative therapies. Vancouver, B.C.: The Cardigan Press.
22.	Parry, A., & Doan, R. E. (1994). Story re-visions: Narrative therapy in the postmodern
	world. New York: The Guilford Press.
23.	Raskin, J. D., & Bridges, S. K. (Eds.). (2008). Studies in meaning 3: Constructive
	psychotherapy in the real world. New York: Pace University Press.
24.	Ricoeur, P. (1984). Time and narrative (Volumes 1, 2, 3). Chicago: The University of
	Chicago Press.
25.	Riikonen, E., & Smith, G. M. (1997). Re-imagining therapy: Living conversations and
	relational knowing. London: Sage.
26.	Schechtman, M. (1996). The constitution of selves. Ithaca: Cornell University Press.
27.	Strong, T., & Nielsen, K. (2008). Constructive conversations: Revisiting selected
	developments with clients and counsellors. Counselling and Psychotherapy Research,
20	8(4), 253-260.
28.	Strong, T., & Paré, D. (2004). Furthering talk: Advances in the discursive therapies. New
20	York: Kluwer Academic/Plenum.
29.	Wachtel, P. L. (1993). Therapeutic communication: Principles and effective practice.
20	New York: Guilford Press.
30.	White, M. (Edited by David Denborough) (2011). Narrative practice: continuing the
31.	conversation. New York: W.W. Norton & Co.
31.	White, M. (1995). Re-authoring lives: Interviews & essays. Adelaide, South Australia: Dulwich Center Publications.
32.	White, M., & Morgan, A. (2006). Narrative therapy with children and their families.
∫∠.	Adelaide, South Australia: Dulwich Center Publications.
33.	
55.	White, M., & Epston, D. (1990). Narrative means to therapeutic ends. New York: W.W. Norton.
34.	Zimmerman, J. L., & Dickerson, V. C. (1996). If problems talked: Narrative therapy in
J⊣.	action. New York: The Guilford Press.
	action. New Tork, The Guinord Tress.

Media resources

Narrative therapy with Dr. Steve Madigan, Family Therapy with the Experts series. nps(vc) RC 488.5.N36 1998

"The Best of Friends" - An Interview with Michael White, Learning Opportunities through Master's Work Video Productions series. nps(vc) RC488.5.B49 1994

Social constructionist ideas about psychotherapy: An interview with Harlene Anderson. Master's Work Video Production www.masterswork.com