## City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

# offered by Department of Management with effect from Semester B in 2018 / 2019

Part I Course Overview	
Course Title:	High Performance Collaborations
Course Code:	MGT6209
Course Duration:	One Semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	P6
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Precursors:	MGT5204 Organizational Behavior
<b>Equivalent Courses:</b>	Nil
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	Nil

#### Part II Course Details

#### 1. Abstract

This course aims to:

- provide students with the concepts of collaborative activities with parties both internal and external to the organization;
- provide students with concepts of team building, negotiation, and conflict resolution as tools to build and manage collaborations in business settings;
- develop students' ability to identify and analyze contextual factors which will influence collaborative activities;
- equip students with the team building, negotiation, and conflict resolution behavioral skills associated with collaborative activities:
- develop students' abilities to achieve successful outcomes in collaborative activities with parties both internal and external to the organization.

### 2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting (if applicable)	Discovery-enriche curriculum related learning outcomes (please tick when appropriate)		
1			A1	A2	A3
1.	Demonstrate an understanding and mastery of the key academic and theoretical literature underpinning collaborative activities with parties both internal and		V	$\sqrt{}$	
2.	external to the organization.				
2.	Master the key behavioral and interpersonal skills needed for success in collaborative activities.		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
3.	Demonstrate the ability to analyze a situation involving negotiation or conflict and to identify key factors which would influence collaborative processes and outcomes.			V	V
4.	Demonstrate the ability to apply the appropriate analytical and behavioral skills needed to bring about the desired outcome to a problem requiring collaborative action.			<b>√</b>	V
		100%			I .

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#### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

#### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

#### A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

## 3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

(TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CIL	O No.			Hours/week		
	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	(if applicable)
Readings.	Students read from a list of reference books, selected to discuss both theoretical and practical aspects of collaboration, team building, negotiation, and conflict resolution.	X						
Lecture.	Short lectures are used to explain key concepts and examples, concentrating upon the logic and rationale of collaboration, team building, negotiation, and conflict resolution practices.	X						
Discussion/ practice exercises.	Students engage in individual and group exercise in the class. These exercises are designed to stimulate student thinking on the principles and practices of collaboration, team building, negotiation, and conflict resolution. The instructor will guide the discussions based upon the conceptual frameworks in negotiation and conflict resolution.	X	X	X	X			
Simulation exercises.	Simulation exercises are used in certain weeks to enhance the mastery of actual behavioral skills needed in collaboration, team building, negotiation, and conflict resolution. Students will prepare their positions ahead of time, and will be assessed upon both their application of skills and the results obtained.	X	X	X	X			

## 4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CILO No.				Weighting	Remarks		
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Continuous Assessment: 100%						•		
Contribution to <u>discussions</u> and exercises in class.	X	X	X	X			20%	
Group project and presentation on a collaborative activity case. Students will form teams to research on a team building, negotiation situation, or conflict resolution case. They will present in class and submit a written report on their analysis and findings.	X	X	X	X			40%	
Self-reflective writings. Students will provide self-reflective writings, critically reviewing their past performance in negotiation, conflict resolution, teamwork, etc., providing a statement of what they have learned from the lectures and exercises, detailing areas where they need to improve, and outlining steps that they would take to overcome those limitations.	X	X	X	X			40%	
Examination: <u>0</u> % (duration:	, if	appl	licabl	e)	ı	ı		1

100%

## 5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
1. ASSESSING	A. Preparation	Student is <b>almost</b>	Student is	Student is	Student is <b>seldom</b>	Student is rarely
AND GRADING		always prepared	frequently	occasionally	prepared for class	prepared for class
CLASS		for class with	prepared for class	prepared for class	with assignments	with assignments
PARTCIPATION		assignments and	with assignments	with assignments	and required class	and required class
		required class	and required class	and required class	materials.	materials.
		materials.	materials.	materials.		
	B. Engagement	Student almost	Student	Student	Student <b>seldom</b>	Student almost
		always	frequently	occasionally	contributes to	<b>never</b> contributes
		contributes	contributes	makes	class by offering	to class by
		meaningfully in	suitably in class	contribution by	ideas and/or	offering ideas
		class by offering	by offering ideas	offering seemingly	asking questions.	and/or asking
		ideas and/or	and/or asking	useful/suitable		questions.
		asking questions	meaningful	ideas and/or		
		in almost each	questions.	asking meaningful		
		class.		questions.		
2. ASSESSING		Strong evidence of	0 1	Student who is	Limited	Little evidence of
AND GRADING		original thinking;	of subject, some	profiting from the	familiarity with	familiarity with
TEAM		good organization,	evidence of	university	the subject matter	the subject matter;
PROJECT		capacity to	critical capacity	experience;	to enable student	weakness in
		analyze and	and analytical	understanding of	to progress; Very	critical and
		synthesize;	ability; reasonable	the subject; ability	limited examples	analytical skills;
		superior grasp of	understanding of	to develop	to back up points.	limited or
		subject matter;	issues; evidence of	solutions to simple	Little structure	irrelevant use of
		evidence of	familiarity with	problems in the	and coherence in	literature. No
		extensive	the subject matter.	material. A few	the report.	specific examples
		knowledge base.	Quite a number of	examples to back		to back up points.
		Extensive use of	good examples to	up points.		Unstructured
		specific examples	back up points.			report.
		to support points.				

3. ASSESSING ANALYTICAL ABILITIES (PRESENTATION)	Interesting and suitably complex account of analysis/solution demonstrating original contribution, going well beyond standard resources/ references / concepts, stating a point of view in one's own voice. Suitably impresses with critical analysis in the judgment of the marker.	As in C, but also shows logical progression and possibly new and original insights. Most/all relevant points drawn from prevalent models or conceptual frameworks, uses appropriate structure to resolve issues with convincing arguments and	Presentation describes topic, refers to what is proposed to be done. More relevant points drawn from prevalent models or conceptual frameworks, evidence of grasp of issues but has some difficulty in finding resolution or engaging in critical analysis.	Presents enough to describe what the issues are about. Some relevant points, however only re-describes the factual elements in a wooden manner, mainly pro and con. Uses a few mainstream references and applies correct	Presentation shows little evidence of any planning or rehearsal. Very little evidence of concepts and skills learnt from the course. No research and analysis done on the topic. Lack of creativity and the delivery is incoherent, and unstructured.
		arguments and discussion.		applies correct concepts.	

4. ABILITY TO	Interesting and	As in C, but also	Describes activities	Presents enough	Little description
LEARN THROUGH	suitably complex	shows new and	and feelings, refers	to describe what	of relevant issues;
SELF-REFLECTION	account of	original insights.	to specific incidents	the issues are	irrelevant use of
	analysis/solution of	Most/all relevant	from simulations.	about. Some	literature;
	self-behaviors and	points drawn from	More relevant	relevant points,	reflection is
	insights,	prevalent models,	points drawn from	however only	superficial.
	demonstrating original	conceptual	prevalent models or	re-describes the	
	contribution, going	frameworks, and	conceptual	factual elements	
	well beyond standard	self-behaviors and	frameworks,	in a wooden	
	resources/ references /	insights. Uses	evidence of grasp	manner, mainly	
	concepts, critically	appropriate	of issues but has	pro and con.	
	evaluating strengths	structure to	some difficulty in	Uses a few	
	and weakness in one's	identify strengths	engaging in self-	mainstream	
	own voice. Suitably	and weaknesses	reflection and	references and	
	impresses with critical	with convincing	critical analysis.	applies correct	
	analysis and self-	arguments and		concepts.	
	reflection, and with	discussion, and			
	specific and	with suitable			
	actionable suggestions	actionable			
	on how to improve	suggestions on			
	future performance.	how to overcome			
		the identified			
		weaknesses.			

## Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

## 1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Negotiation planning, integrative negotiation, trust and relationship, conflict resolution strategies, conflict management, third-party intervention, diversity in teams, communication in teams, team building and development, facilitating team effectiveness, team decision making, team creativity and innovation.

## 2. Reading List

## 2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

1.	Thompson L. (2018). Making the team: A guide for managers (6th Ed). Pearson

#### 2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

1.	Thompson, L. (2015). The mind and heart of the negotiator (6 <sup>th</sup> Ed). Pearson.
2.	Fisher, R., Ury, W. L., & Patton, B. (2011). <i>Getting to yes: Negotiating agreement without giving in</i> . Penguin
3.	Shapiro, D. (2017). Negotiating the nonnegotiable: How to resolve your most emotionally charged conflicts. Penguin.
4.	Lencioni, P. (2002). The five dysfunctions of a team: A leadership Fable. Jossey-Bass.
5.	Maxwell, J. C. (2004). The 17 indisputable laws of teamwork: Embrace them and empower your team. Thomas Nelson.
6.	Katzenbach, J. R., & Smith, D. K. (2015). The wisdom of teams: Creating the high-performance organization. Harvard Business Review Press.