# City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

# offered by School of Creative Media with effect from Semester A 2017 /18

Part I Course Over	view
Course Title:	Philosophy of Technology and New Media
Course Code:	SM6325
Course Duration:	One semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	P6
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
<b>Equivalent Courses</b> : (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Exclusive Courses:	Nil

1

### Part II Course Details

## 1. Abstract

This course seeks to understand how new media technologies are embedded and constituted in our everyday practices and to examine the artistic potential of human-technology relations. It posits practices involving new media technologies into a framework of philosophy of technology and critically interrogates the promises and expectations about around new media. More specific topics include examining the ways in which technologies are (re-)shaped in their culturally situated use-contexts. Special attention is paid to the mundane but intimate human-technology relations we enter into on everyday basis and the ways in they modify our understanding of the world and our ability to operate in it. Relevant questions, to be dealt with in both scholarly and artistic fashion, include: Do technologies have purposes? Where does the human body stop and the technology begin? Do technologies make us more/less free? What is the balance of power like in a particular human-technology relation? Upon completion of the class, students should be able to apply post-phenomenological insights in their own research projects and artistic practice, and subject new media artworks to critical analysis as technologies.

## 2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting (if applicable)	Discov curricu learnin (please approp	lum rel g outco tick	lated omes
			A1	A2	<i>A3</i>
1.	To identify the key theoretical positions and concepts concerning the nature of technologies and their role in constituting human experience of the world		1	1	
2.	Articulate how technologies are created in human practices and how they mediate and transform human experience of the world; identify artistic uses for existing technologies		<b>√</b>	1	1
3.	Differentiate between and critically discuss new media artworks based on the involvement of technology		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
4.^	Apply post-phenomenological theory in independent research and critical writing, and artistic practice (if applicable)		<b>√</b>	1	1
		100%			

<sup>^</sup> Negotiated Learning Outcome (NLO) explicitly articulating the elements of Discovery oriented learning.

# A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

# A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

**Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)** (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA Brief Description			O No.		Hours/week (if			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	applicable)
Lectures	Lectures explaining theories,	1						
	including works of Heidegger,							
	Haraway, Hayles, Ihde, and							
	Verbeek							
Group	Group discussions on assigned	1						
discussions	readings							
Quizzes	In-class quizzes on assigned	1						
	readings							
Field research	Field research on technologies		/					
presentations	leading to in-class student							
	presentations followed by group							
	discussions							
Exercise	"Technological deprivation"		/					
	exercise, scholarly/artistic							
	examination the effects of living							
	without a particular technology							
Discussion	Discussions and reaction paper			/				
and reaction	writing on technologies and new							
paper writing	media artworks based on							
	screenings and demonstrations							
Independent	Independent research leading to				1			
research	final paper/project							

# 4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	Casks/Activities CILO No.			Weighting	Remarks			
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Continuous Assessment: 100%								•
Presentation on a technology		/					20%	
based on field research								
Presentation/paper on the		/					20%	
technological deprivation								
exercise								
Reaction writings on assigned	1		1				15%	
readings, and in-class								
screenings/demonstrations								
Final paper / project				1			35%	
In-class participation and	1	/	/				10%	
discussion (incl. reading								
groups)								
Examination: 0% (duration:		, if a	pplic	able)	)		·	·

100%

# 5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
1. Presentation	This assessment will grade on content and fluency of presentation. Students should show their co-operation to conduct a well-organized presentation with their own argument and evidence from readings and notes. The threshold of 'discovery' lied in a student's self initiatives to conduct additional research and to personalize theories for her/his personal daily experience.	<ul> <li>Rich, informative content, excellent grasp of the material with in-depth and extensive knowledge of the subject matter</li> <li>Rigorous organization, coherent structure, and systematic exposition with a strong sense of narrative</li> <li>Superior presentation skills: distinct pronunciation, fluent expression and appropriate diction, exact time-management</li> <li>Critical analysis with insightful comments opening up new issues, or suggesting the ability to theorize</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adequate content with firm grasp of the material that informs the audience on a subject matter</li> <li>Reasonable organization, balanced structure and composition</li> <li>Good verbal communication: comprehensible pronunciation, fluent expression and diction, fair time-managem ent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adequate         content with         comprehensive         grasp of the         material         demonstrating         basic knowledge         of the subject         matter</li> <li>Fair         organization,         weak structure         and composition</li> <li>Fair presentation         skills:         acceptable         pronunciation,         expression and         diction, fair         time-manageme         nt</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weak content, loose grasp of the general ideas with some knowledge of the subject matter</li> <li>Poor organization, structure and composition</li> <li>Poor presentation skills: marginal pronunciation, expression and diction, poor time-managem ent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inadequate         content, fail to         identify the         general ideas         with         knowledge of         the subject         matter</li> <li>No         organization,         structure or/and         composition</li> <li>Poor         presentation         skills: marginal         pronunciation,         expression and         diction,         minimal         time-managem         ent</li> </ul>
2. Reaction Paper	This assessment will grade on rationality, clarity and fluency of argument and	<ul> <li>Rich content, excellent ability to interpret and integrate various</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adequate content, sufficient ability to</li> </ul>	Adequate     content, fair     ability to     integrate various	<ul><li>Weak content,</li><li>limited use of</li><li>resources</li><li>Poor</li></ul>	- Inadequate content, no/ irrelevant use of resources

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
	comment. The threshold of 'discovery' lies in a student's ability to negotiate a position that is informed, defendable, and standing on personal insight.	resources  - Rigorous organization, coherent structure, systematic composition  - Precision in argument, well defined and reasoned points of view grounded in insightful interpretation of existing literature  - Readiness to respond to peer opinion and other views initiated in class discussion  - Discussion shed light on new dimensions of the issue	integrate various resources based on demand Reasonable organization with balanced structure and composition Clear elaboration of ideas that sticks to the point, with clearly differentiated issues, ability to interpret opinions independently Sufficient responses to peer comments to sustain a discussion	resources based on demand  - Fair organization with adequate structure and composition  - Relevant points made to the subject matter in question  - Ability to respond to other statements and engage in class discussion	organization, structure and composition  Relevant points to the subject matter, marginal ability to interpret opinions  Ability to respond to other comments in simple terms	<ul> <li>No organization, structure or/and composition</li> <li>Irrelevant points to the subject matter, no ability to interpret opinions</li> <li>Fail to respond to other comments</li> </ul>
3. Final Project/ Paper	Students should demonstrate ability to utilize primary and secondary sources, build up argument and analysis. The threshold of 'discovery' lied in a student's self initiatives to conduct	<ul> <li>Excellent grasp of research material, able to explain key concepts, assumptions and debates</li> <li>Rigorous organization, coherent structure, distinct thesis,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Firm grasp of materials, able to explain key concepts and assumptions</li> <li>Reasonable organization, balanced structure, adequate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comprehensive grasp of materials, able to explain key concepts</li> <li>Fair organization, weak structure, adequate content, fair</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Loose grasp of materials, cannot explain key concepts</li> <li>Poor organization and structure, weak content, limited use of resources</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Poor grasp of materials</li> <li>No organization and structure, inadequate content, no/ irrelevant use of resources</li> <li>Irrelevant</li> </ul>

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
	additional research and to personalize theories for her/his personal daily experience.	properly argued with strong narrative  Insightful interpretation of the subject matter with distinct themes and thesis  Critical analysis with insightful comments opening up new issues, or suggesting the ability to theorize  Ability to approach a text or a theme using a variety of theories and analytical tools  Strong bibliography suggesting breadth and depth of coverage and informed insights	content, sufficient ability to integrate various resources based on demand - Clear ideas which keep to the point, clear-cut subject, ability to interpret opinions independently - Organized bibliography which can be utilized in accordance with the topic	ability to integrate various resources based on demand  Relevant points to the subject matter, fair ability to interpret opinions  Unorganized bibliography which can be utilized in accordance with the topic	<ul> <li>Relevant         points to the         subject matter,         marginal         ability to         interpret         opinions</li> <li>Insufficient         and/or         unorganized         bibliography</li> </ul>	points to the subject matter, minimal ability to interpret opinions  - Irrelevant bibliography
4. Class Participation and Performance	This assessment task reviews students' participation and performance in discussions, debates and peer critique during the tutorial sessions. The evidence of 'negotiation', the sign of discovery, lies in students' pre-class	<ul> <li>Active in-class participation, positive listening, strong ability to stimulate class discussion and comment on other points</li> <li>In-depth pre-class preparation and familiarity with peer reports and other</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Active in-class participation, positive listening, ability to initiate class discussion and comment on other points</li> <li>Adequate pre-class preparation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attentive in in-class participation, listening with comprehension, but only infrequently contributing</li> <li>Adequate pre-class preparation but little familiarity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unmotivated to participate in class discussion or comment on other people's views</li> <li>Little pre-class preparation and familiarity with peer reports and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unwilling to participate in class</li> <li>discussion and comment on other points, even when requested by the teacher</li> <li>No pre-class preparation and familiarity with</li> </ul>

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
	preparation and interpersonal sensitivity to his/her peer members.	materials  - Interpret others' views with an open mind and ready to negotiate  - Readiness to share personal insight via analysis and synthesis with informed views  - Constructively critical, thus facilitating the discovery of new issues	and familiarity with peer reports and other materials  - Interpret opinions effectively	with peer reports and other materials  - Fair ability in interpreting opinions	other materials  - Poor ability in interpreting opinions	peer reports and other materials  - Minimal ability in interpreting opinions

Note: All A+/A/A- grade assignment should comply with the highest performance of Discovery-oriented learning.

# Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

# 1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Philosophy, phenomenology, new media theory, experience, technology, tool, intentionality, technological artefact, human-technology relations, body, virtuality, cyborg, post-humanism, Heidegger, Hayles, Haraway, Ihde, Verbeek

# 2. Reading List

# 2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

1.	Dreyfus, H.: An existential critique of Second Life In: <i>On the Internet. Thinking in Action.</i> (2nd Edition). New York: Routledge, 2009
2.	Harman, G: <i>Tool-being: Heidegger and the metaphysics of objects</i> . London: Open Court Publishing, 2002
3.	Haraway, D. J.: Chap. A Manifesto for Cyborgs: Science, Technology and Socialist Feminism in 1980's. In <i>Simians, Cyborgs and Women: The Reinvention of Nature</i> . New York: Routledge, 1991, 149—181
4.	Hayles, N. K.: How we became posthuman: virtual bodies in cybernetics, literature and narrative constructions. University of Chicago Press, 1999
5.	Ihde, D.: Technology and the lifeworld: from garden to earth. Indiana UP, 1990
6.	— Postphenomenology: Essays in the Postmodern Context. Chicago: Northwestern University Press., 1995
7.	Moran, D.: Introduction to Phenomenology. London & New York: Routledge, 2000
8.	Scharff, R. C. and Dusek, V. (eds.). Philosophy of Technology. The Technological
	Condition. An Anthology. Chichester: Blackwell Publishing, 2003
9.	Verbeek, PP.: Cyborg intentionality: Rethinking the phenomenology of human/technology relations. <i>Phenom Cogn Sci</i> , 7 2008, 387—395

# 2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

1.	Don Ihde: The Technological Lifeworld. In H. Achterhuis (ed.). <i>American philosophy of technology: the empirical turn</i> . Indiana UP 2001
2.	Verbeek, PP.: What Things Do. Philosophical reections on technology, agency, and design.
	The Pennsylvania State University Press, 2005