City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by Department of Physics with effect from Semester B 2017 / 2018

Part I Course Overview

Course Title:	Photonics in Nanomaterial Systems and Devices					
Course Code:	AP8181					
Course Duration:	One semester					
Credit Units:	3					
Level:	R8					
	Arts and Humanities					
Proposed Area: (for GE courses only)	Study of Societies, Social and Business Organisations Science and Technology					
Medium of Instruction:	English					
Medium of Assessment:	English					
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil					
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil					
Equivalent Courses : (Course Code and Title)	Nil					
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	AP6181 Photonics in Nanomaterial Systems and Devices					

Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

To use the principles of physical optics and light-matter interaction to study the optical properties of materials and optical devices. To explore and discuss applications of the course's topics in science and technology and to explore the principles and applications of nano-optics and nano-photonics.

Upon successful completion of the course, students are expected to be equipped with sufficient knowledge to discuss the different techniques used to study the interaction of light with mater, to explain the basic microscopic processes that describe the propagation of light in different media as it relates to propagation, absorption, and emission processes, and to develop a working knowledge in the application of selected photonic and optical material systems and devices.

The students will be able to rationalize and explain the applications of the course contents to modern practical scientific and technological applications with emphasis in nanomaterials and nanotechnology.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

No.	CILOs	Weighting*	Discov	ery-eni	riched
		(if	curricu	lum re	lated
		applicable)	learnin	g outco	omes
			(please	tick	where
			appropriate)		
			A1	A2	A3
1.	Identify the physical principles involved in optical	25%			
	characterization systems.				
2.	Describe the microscopic phenomena that occur during the	25%			
	propagation of light and the basic models that explain it.				
3.	Use the principles of Fourier analysis and Fourier optics	25%			
	and describe its applications and importance.				
4	Explain the principles of near field optics and its	25%	V		
	applications to nano-photonics.				
* If 141	eighting is assigned to CUOs, they should add up to 100%	1000/		•	•

^{*} If weighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

[#] Please specify the alignment of CILOs to the Gateway Education Programme Intended Learning outcomes (PILOs) in Section A of Annex.

3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

TLA	Brief Description	CIL	CILO No.			Hours/week (i applicable)	
		1	2	3	4	THE THE STATE OF	
1	Lectures	V	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	16 hrs/8 weeks	
2	Small class Activities	V	$\sqrt{}$			8 hrs/8 weeks	
3	Laboratory Exercise					12 hrs/4 weeks	
4	Group project and presentation					3 hrs/1 week	

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CILO No.					Weighting*	Remarks
	1	2	3	4			
Continuous Assessment: 50 %							
Laboratory reports						15%	
Mid-term Test						15%	
Mini Project and Report						20%	
Examination: 50 % (duration: 2 hrs)							
1 m							

^{*} The weightings should add up to 100%.

5. Assessment Rubrics

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent (A+, A, A-)	Good (B+, B, B-)	Fair (C+, C, C-)	Marginal (D)	Failure (F)
1. Laboratory reports	Understand and explaining the methodology. Ability to identify experimental problems. Ability to find solutions to problem occurred.	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	
2. Mid-Term test	Understand concepts of ray, wave, near-field optics, and their use for the characterization of materials and design of device applications.	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	
3. Final project and report	Ability to select a project, design a protocol to address it, and advance its resolution. Demonstrate a curiosity driven approach to self-study and capacity to understand and explain new concepts.	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	
4. Examination	Knowledge of the fundamental course contents including concepts of ray, wave, near-field optics, and light-matter interaction, and their use for the characterization of materials and design of device applications.	High	Significant	Moderate	Basic	

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

- Introduction and overview of principles of geometrical and wave optics: basic equations and concepts including optical cavities, polarization, coherence, laser beams, diffraction, and interference.
- Propagation of light: rarefied and dense media, Huygens' and Fermat's principle, speed of light, refractive index, Fresnel equations.
- Optical properties of solids: Lorentz Oscillator Model (semiconductors), Drude model (metals).
- Fourier series and Fourier integral: concepts of coherence, correlation, and convolution. Fourier transform spectroscopy, and applications to FTIR and related vibrational spectroscopies.
- Characterization of materials: transmission and reflection, ellipsometry, absorption, photoluminescence, and cathodoluminescence.
- Introduction to photonics and nano-optics: evanescent fields, propagation and focusing of optical fields, surface plasmons, optical antennae.
- Selected applications of modern nano-photonic devices (e.g., harnessing near-field optical techniques, plasmonic lasers, surface plasmons for biosensing applications).

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

1.	E Hecht, Optics, 4th edition, (Addison Wesley 2002). Reading MA.
2	Tigran V. Shahbazyan, Mark I. Stockman (Eds.), Plasmonics: Theory and Applications, Springer, 2013.
3.	S O Kasap, Optoelectronic and photonics: principles and practices, Prentice Hall, 2001.

2.2 Additional Readings

1.	L Novotny and B Hetch, Principles of nano-optics Cambridge University Press, 2006
2.	Motoichi Ohtsu [et al.] Principles of nanophotonics CRC Press/Taylor & Francis,
3.	M Ohtsu (Eds.) Nanophotonics and nanofabrication Weinheim: Wiley-VCH, c2009.
4	Baldassare Di Bartolo and John Collins (Eds.), Biophotonics: spectroscopy, imaging, sensing,
	and manipulation.